## MA 574 – PROJECT 3

## Due: Friday, March 29

(1) Consider a rod of length L with a fixed end at x = 0 as depicted in Figure 1. Let  $\rho, Y, c$  respectively denote the density, Young's modulus and internal damping coefficient and let u(t, x) denote the longitudinal displacements. The rod decreases from a thickness 2h at x = 0 to a thickness of h at the free end and has uniform width b. Moreover, the rod has a mass  $m_L$  at x = L along with a restraining spring with stiffness  $k_L$  that exerts a restoring force proportional to displacements u(t, L).

- (a) Balance forces to obtain a strong formulation of the model. Be sure to specify boundary conditions.
- (b) Integrate by parts to obtain a corresponding weak formulation. Specify the space of test functions.
- (c) Determine an appropriate basis and finite element solution to (b). Determine the resulting matrix vector system in second-order and first-order form. You should specify the components in your mass and stiffness matrices but you do not need to numerically evaluate the integrals.
- (d) Consider the undamped rod, c = 0, with  $m_L = k_L = 0$ . Determine the kinetic and potential energies and use Hamiltonian (energy) principles to derive a weak formulation of the model. How does it compare with the model that you derived in (b)?

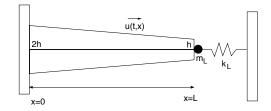


Figure 1: Geometry of the rod for Problem 1.

(2) Consider the weak formulation

$$\int_0^\ell \rho A \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \phi dx + \int_0^\ell \left[ Y A \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + C A \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} \right] \frac{d\phi}{dx} = - \left[ k_\ell u(t,\ell) + c_\ell \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(t,\ell) + m_\ell \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}(t,\ell) \right] \phi(\ell),$$

which holds for all  $(\phi, \phi(\ell)) \in V$ . Using the linear hat functions defined in class, this yields the first-order system

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = Az(t)$$
$$z(0) = z_0.$$

Using the values  $\rho = 2.7$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>, Y = 70 GPa, C = 10 MPa, A = 1 cm<sup>2</sup>,  $k_{\ell} = 10$  MPa,  $c_{\ell} = 10$  Pa,  $m_{\ell} = 1$  g, and  $\ell = 10$  cm, construct the matrix A and compute its eigenvalues. Do all of them have negative real part? Now construct the matrix A when the right hand side is positive and discuss the sign of the eigenvalues.